

## Formula Sheet

$$\text{Mass \%} = (\text{mass solute} / \text{mass solution}) \times 100$$

$$\text{Mole Fraction} = \text{moles}_i / \text{total moles}$$

$$\text{Molarity} = \text{moles solute} / \text{L solution}$$

$$\text{Molality} = \text{moles solute} / \text{kg solvent}$$

$$\text{Vapor Pressure Lowering} = X_A P_A^\circ$$

$$P^\circ = \text{VP pure solvent}$$

$$\text{Boiling Point Elevation} = \Delta T_B = k_b m$$

$$k_b = \text{BP elevation constant}$$

$$\text{Freezing Point Depression} = \Delta T_f = k_f m$$

$$\text{Osmotic Pressure} = MRT$$

$$R = 0.0821 \text{ L} \times \text{atm} / \text{mole} \times \text{K}$$

$$\text{Rate} = - \Delta [\text{reactants}] / \Delta t$$

$$K_p = k (RT)^{\Delta n}$$

$$PV = nRT$$

$$\ln [A] / [A]_0 = -kt$$

First Order Integrated Rate Law

$$k = \text{rate} / [A][B]$$

$$\ln (k_1 / k_2) = (E_a / R) (1/T_2 - 1/T_1)$$